

New



Compliance with RoHS Directive

\* Protective construction: Flux-resistant type

### FEATURES

1. Latching type that contributes to device energy savings
2. Surge breakdown voltage (between contact and coil): 12,000 V
3. Breakdown voltage (between contact and coil): 5,000 V
4. Pin-in-paste construction makes reflow possible

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Smart meters
2. Industrial equipment
3. Security equipment
4. Home appliances
5. Various power supplies

### ORDERING INFORMATION

ADW 1     W

Contact arrangement  
1: 1 Form A

Operating function  
1: 1 coil latching type  
2: 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage (DC)  
03: 3V, 05: 5V, 06: 6V, 09: 9V, 12: 12V, 24: 24V

Note: The suffix "W" on the part number is only displayed on the inner and outer packaging.  
It is not displayed on the relay.

### TYPES

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		1 coil latching type	2 coil latching type
1 Form A	3V DC	ADW1103W	ADW1203W
	5V DC	ADW1105W	ADW1205W
	6V DC	ADW1106W	ADW1206W
	9V DC	ADW1109W	ADW1209W
	12V DC	ADW1112W	ADW1212W
	24V DC	ADW1124W	ADW1224W

Standard packing: Carton: 100 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

# DW (ADW1)

## RATING

### 1. Coil data

#### 1) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
3V DC	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	110%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			40.0mA	125Ω		
6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω		
9V DC			22.2mA	405Ω		
12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω		
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω		

#### 2) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	*80%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	133.3mA	133.3mA	22.5Ω	22.5Ω	400mW	400mW	110%V of nominal voltage
5V DC			80.0mA	80.0mA	62.5Ω	62.5Ω			
6V DC			66.7mA	66.7mA	90 Ω	90 Ω			
9V DC			44.4mA	44.4mA	202.5Ω	202.5Ω			
12V DC			33.3mA	33.3mA	360 Ω	360 Ω			
24V DC			16.7mA	16.7mA	1,440 Ω	1,440 Ω			

\*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

## 2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
Contact	Arrangement	1 Form A	
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
	Contact material	AgSnO <sub>2</sub> type	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	8 A 250V AC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	2,000 V A	
	Max. switching voltage	250V AC	
	Max. switching current	8A AC	
	Nominal operating power	200mW (1 coil latching type), 400mW (2 coil latching type)	
Electrical characteristics	Min. switching capacity (Reference value)*1	100mA 5 V DC	
	Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC, Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section)	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
		Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA)
	Temperature rise (coil) (at 85°C 185°F)	Max. 35°C 95°F (By resistive method, contact carrying current: 8A, Coil: de-energized)	
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Between contact and coil)	12,000 V (Initial)	
Mechanical characteristics	Set time (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)	
	Reset time (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time)	
Expected life	Shock resistance	Functional	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm (Detection time: 10μs)
		Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm
Conditions	Mechanical	Min. 10 <sup>6</sup> (at 180 times/min.)	
	Electrical	Min. 5 × 10 <sup>4</sup> (at 8 A 250V AC, resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)	
Unit weight	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3 *4	Temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed (at nominal switching capacity)	20 times/min.	
Unit weight		Approx. 8 g .28 oz	

Notes: \*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

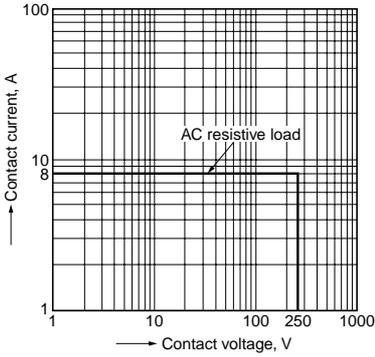
\*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50μs according to JEC-212-1981

\*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

\*4. Allowable range when in original packaging is -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F.

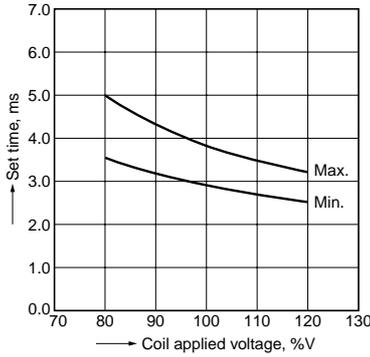
**REFERENCE DATA**

1. Max. switching capacity (AC resistive load)



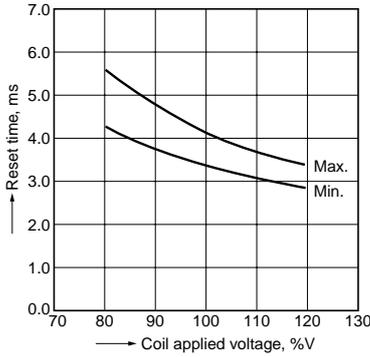
2. Set time

Tested sample: ADW1106, 15 pcs  
 Ambient temperature: 28°C 82.4°F  
 Contact load: 5V DC, 10mA



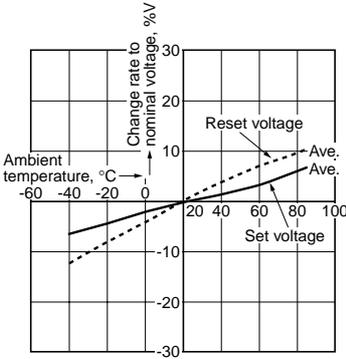
3. Reset time

Tested sample: ADW1106, 15 pcs  
 Ambient temperature: 28°C 82.4°F  
 Contact load: 5V DC, 10mA



4. Ambient temperature characteristics

Tested sample: ADW1106, 6pcs  
 Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F

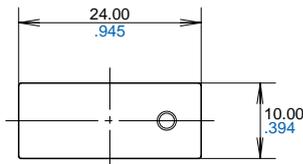


**DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

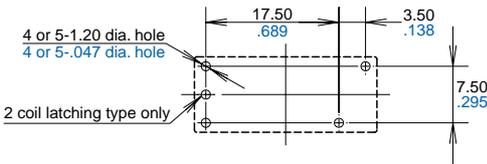
The CAD data of the products with a **CAD Data** mark can be downloaded from: <http://panasonic-electric-works.net/ac>

**CAD Data**

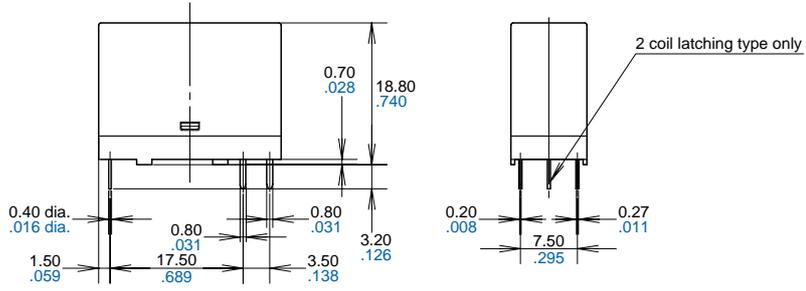
External dimensions



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

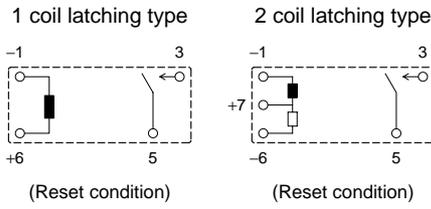


Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

Schematic (Bottom view)



**SAFETY STANDARDS**

Product name	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		VDE (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	E43149	8A 250V AC R 85°C 185°F 5A 30V DC R 85°C 185°F	40032254	8A 250V AC (cosφ=1.0) 85°C 185°F 5A 30V DC (0ms) 85°C 185°F

Note: CSA standard; Certified by C-UL

## NOTES

### ■ Usage, transport and storage conditions

#### 1) Temperature:

−40 to +85°C −40 to +185°F (Allowable range when in original packaging is −40 to +70°C −40 to +158°F.)

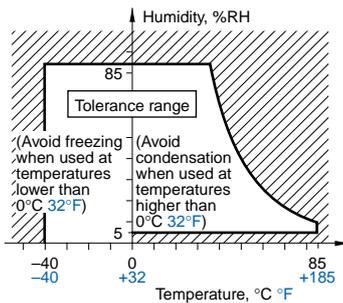
#### 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.

#### 3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



#### 4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

#### 5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

#### 6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

### ■ Solder and cleaning conditions

#### 1) Flow solder mounting conditions

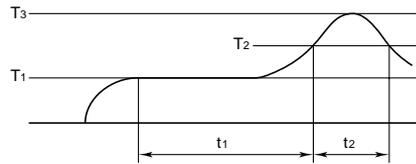
Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.

(1) Preheating: within 120°C 248°F (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 seconds

(2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F (solder temperature) and within 6 seconds (soldering time)

\* Furthermore, because the type of PC board used and other factors may influence the relays, test that the relays function properly on the actual PC board on which they are mounted.

#### 2) Reflow solder mounting (Pin-in-Paste mounting) conditions



T<sub>1</sub> = 150 to 180°C 302 to 356°F  
 T<sub>2</sub> = 230°C 446°F or more  
 T<sub>3</sub> = 250°C 482°F or less  
 t<sub>1</sub> = 60 to 120 seconds  
 t<sub>2</sub> = within 30 seconds

• Cautions to observe when mounting temperature increases in the relay are greatly dependent on the way different parts are located a PC board and the heating method of the reflow device. Therefore, please conduct testing on the actual device beforehand after making sure the parts soldered on the relay terminals and the top of the relay case are within the temperature conditions given above.

3) Since this is not a sealed type relay, do not clean it as is. Also, be careful not to allow flux to overflow above the PC board or enter the inside of the relay.

### ■ Cautions for use

1) For precautions regarding use and explanations of technical terminology, please refer to Group Catalog or our web site.

2) Since this relay is polarized, please observe the coil polarity (+ and −). Be sure to connect as shown in the attached product specifications diagram.

3) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to ±5% (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage.

Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.

4) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.

5) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to 35°C 59 to 95°F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

(1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase are synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

(2) Highly frequent load-operating  
 When highly frequent opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO<sub>3</sub> is formed. This can corrode metal materials.

Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- Lower the operating frequency
- Lower the ambient humidity

6) Minimum switching capacity provides a guideline for low level load switching. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

7) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.

8) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

9) Incorrect wiring may cause unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

10) This relay can be oriented in any way when installing. However, the set/reset voltage and set/reset time, etc., may be affected slightly by the orientation due to the influence of gravitation. Therefore, when evaluating the relay, please do so with the relay placed in your intended orientation.

11) In order to maintain consistent set/reset pulse time of the latching type relay so that positive movement is ensured under ambient temperature fluctuations and other usage conditions, we recommend that you keep the coil applied set/reset pulse width to 30 ms or higher using the nominal coil voltage.

12) Relays are shipped in a 'reset' state. During shipping and handling, however, shocks may change the state to 'set.' Consequently, at time of use (at power on) it is recommended to ensure that circuits are returned to the desired state ('set' or 'reset').

13) Do not use parts that generate organic silicon. When present in the vicinity, conduction failure may occur.